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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

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4-Horse Power Gas Engine

IN GOOD CONDITION.

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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.,
LIMITED.

THE NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS.

[For the Advertiser and Gazette.]
"Ah! goblets rare, I know that when the light shall come at morn, ye shall be overturned
And drained of all the glory of to-night."
MARY DILLINGHAM FREAR.

When the blossoms of purple and gold that laugh in the sun are asleep, When the stars burn white in the heaven, and the dew of the night's morning weep, And diamonded drops are adrip from the tips of the opulent leaves, Where the blooms that are born of the sun an arbor of radiance weave; When the bells of convolvul close as the light of the sun is withdrawn, The silence and gray of the twilight to the cereus comes as the dawn; Its ivory cup shall unfold as it lifteth its face to the moon.

And the star in its centre shall shine as the night is approaching its noon With a light so effulgent and clear that the stars in the indigo sky May with envy look down from their thrones on the gorgeous blossoms that lie

Embracing the dark lava boulders in garments so radiant and bright, As if over their lichens and moss a snowdrift had swept in the night. The zephyrs that wanton and play through the tremulous leaves in the gloom

Filch odors from deep-laden censers and bear on their wings the perfume; The dew of the midnight drink deep of the fragrance exhaled from the shrine

Where the goblets are brimming with nectar, more sweet than Taleranian wine.

Oh, flower that uplifteth thy cup when the gray-hooded mantle of night Drops down on the earth and the sea, and God's lamps in the heaven shine bright,

Alas! and alas! for thy glory, alas! for the triumph you've won! Alas! for thy dazzling beauty that will bear not the light of the sun; Ere the gold at the dawn of the day shall lighten the mountains with fire,

Thy cup shall be folded forever, the star in thy heart shall expire.

What are you, O flower, but a type of the life and the labor of man? For life, saith the psalmist of old, at the longest is only a span.

How short in the waters of eternity are our three score years and ten! Sprung from the earth as the grass and the flower, we blossom and die, and then

We are only a memory left, like the breath of a faded rose; And alas! for us, like the flower, our lives too swiftly ebb to their close. But not like the flowers that fade on earth, we shall bud and blossom again.

If we be the Father's children, if we trust in the Saviour slain; But a few short days and a few short years, like wandering waifs we roam,

Till the flowers that are closed on earth shall bloom in an everlasting home.

CHARLES H. EWART.
Dalbeattie, Scotland.
November, 1895.

THE JAPANESE METHOD.

An Organization for Mutual Protection.

CALLED THE COMMERCIAL UNION.

S. Ozaki, President—The Merchants Antagonize the Tough Element. Reduction in Freight Rates and a General Increase in Trade.

"No!" said a Japanese merchant yesterday, "the Commercial Union is not a political organization, nor do its members bother in any way with the internal affairs of Hawaii."



S. OZAKI, PRESIDENT COMMERCIAL UNION.

Our colony here is a large one and is growing. The union is for the protection of the Japanese merchants who belong to it and for the advancement of the interests of the colony. The president is S. Ozaki, a man with advanced ideas, American ideas, you may say, and one with considerable executive ability. It was mainly through him that the Japanese dealers here were enabled to get themselves out of the difficulty which surrounded them during the cholera epidemic last summer; it was he who carried out the plans to charter a vessel to bring goods from Japan when it was impracticable for regular steamers to do so on account of the strict quarantining regulations.

"Yes, the union is composed entirely of Japanese who are engaged in legitimate business pursuits; the hoodlum element, which is composed of gamblers and fellows who live upon the earnings of fallen women, are not admitted to membership. On the contrary, we would lend our assistance to the Government of Hawaii in excluding that class of Japanese from the islands. Just consider the position of the reputable Japanese! These men demand a certain portion of the earnings of the depraved women and they get it. They are as regular in collecting their claims as your tax collectors. Then they have a system of blackmail, levy or whatever you may call it, upon us whenever they see fit, and if we do not contribute they make it unpleasant. Now, then, the convention between Japan and Hawaii provides that objectionable Japanese may be deported. Are not these men and women objectionable to the better classes in Honolulu? If they are, then let the Government deport them. The Japanese Commercial Union does not deal with these matters as a body, but the members individually would like, in protecting themselves, to co-operate in any movement the Government might inaugurate to remove such people from the country."

S. Ozaki, the president of the Union poses as a business man only and one who cares little or nothing for politics unless it be a measure that would conflict with any of the terms of the convention between the two countries. He came here in 1891 when all of the business in Japanese provisions was in the hands of Chinese merchants. He is interested largely in his brothers' mercantile business in Yokohama. Regarding the future of the Japanese in Hawaii, that is the merchant class, he said:

"The greatest obstacle in the way of the Japanese is the freight rate from Yokohama to Honolulu. We anticipate a large influx of Japanese laborers during the next year and, with those who are now here the supply will probably be larger than the demand, and laborers' wages will be reduced to a figure that will prohibit their buying the goods we handle to the extent they otherwise would. To meet the reduction in the wages we must economize in some way and probably the only way will be in freights. A few years ago, when I came here the rate on Japanese provisions was fourteen yen per ton. The shipments by the Coptic a few days ago was 11.40 per ton, a very satisfactory figure but, unfortunately, not one that we can depend upon having permanently. The Commercial Union, of which I am president, will endeavor to make permanent arrangements with the steamship company for a rate, failing in this we will communicate with our Yokohama agents and instruct them to charter a steamer. There are very few of the Japanese dealers who are not members of the union which, by the way, while it may be considered a protective organization, it is not such in the sense that a member whose business methods were questionable would receive either support or endorsement by the union. We have a plan now whereby each member contributes a certain portion, say two dollars on each ton of merchandise imported, to an emergency fund. Should any member violate any of his obligations to the union, he forfeits whatever sum he may have paid in. But if he should, on the other hand, decide to retire from business and return to Japan, after settling his affairs honorably, his credits are paid over to him.

This emergency fund is not large, but it is growing. I believe we have about \$3000 on hand at present. This sum will be increased to \$20,000, unless there should be a repetition of the difficulties of last summer, when the cholera prevented our getting goods from Japan. It nearly always happens that the steamship companies preferred through freight because the class was cleaner than that shipped here, which is mainly soy and vegetables. Now we will be enabled to make contracts and to have more vessels calling here. We do not intend to depend upon any particular line of steamers to carry our goods. The Hiroshima Immigration Company of Yokohama has made contracts with a steamship company to bring immigrants to Honolulu, and unless the number is large we would get our goods by the same line. We will make some arrangements that will benefit us, of that you may be assured. In the past so much damage has occurred to our goods through being carried on deck and the adjustment of claims so unsatisfactory that we feel that something should be done. Until quite recently there has been little demand for the finer articles of Japanese manufacture that our goods have been accorded inferior positions on the vessels.

"There have been complaints regarding the competition which the Japanese have given the white merchants. I believe this to be a mistake to a certain extent. We cannot compete with them in goods of American manufacture, nor can they compete with us in products of Japan. There is much in the buying of the goods, but more in the expense in selling them. I believe the average Japanese storekeeper can conduct his business at an expense of one third of that of the white men.

We save wherever we can. We chartered two steamers during 1895 and saved money there but it is not likely we will repeat this if the present satisfactory freight rate of 11.40 is maintained."

Mr. Ozaki is a young man who, unfortunately, through a lack of knowledge of the English language carries on his conversation through an interpreter. He is one of the most progressive of the Japanese colony and attends strictly to his three stores on King street. It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all druggists and dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co. agents for H. I.

A NIGHT IN FAIRYLAND

Most Brilliant Gathering at the Schaefer Residence.

A FUNCTION TO BE REMEMBERED.

Society Honored by the Italian Consul. Handsome Decorations and Novel Illuminations—A Specially Built Lanal—A Grand Success, Etc.

Imagination could not possibly have conjured up a more brilliant social function than the reception and ball at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer, Nuuanu Valley, given last night in honor of the birthday of the mother of the hostess and of Gustav.



F. A. SCHAEFER, ITALIAN CONSUL.

the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer.

Over two hundred and fifty of Honolulu's society people were present and enjoyed themselves in many pleasant ways.

The grounds at the residence presented a fairyland appearance. On the left hand side between the royal palms which mark the driveway leading to the house, were set incandescent electric lights. These cast a pleasing glow upon the rare plants under the palms, making a picture such as one seldom finds in Honolulu.

Ample provision had been made for the reception of guests and everything in and about the house arranged for comfort.

The whole place was thrown open and guests were free to wander at their ease to any part, making every one feel perfectly at home.

The center of attraction was the lanal which had been erected previously to the arrival of the Italian corvette Cristoforo Colombo for a ball to be given in honor of the Italian Prince and the officers of that vessel. It will be remembered that the corvette's departure at an early date after arrival gave no time for the completion of preparations.

The decorations in the lanal were worthy of note. Immediately above a little recess that had been fitted up for the musicians was a large horseshoe composed of red, white and green, (the Italian colors), in faceted descent lamps. Forming a suitable background for this and gracefully draped, was a large Italian flag. On the walls of the lanal and connected with another Italian flag as a center piece were those of various nations, leading around to the slight elevation which marks the entrance to the reception room.

On the ceiling and at all points where an artistic effect could be created, were festooned wreaths of ferns and sprays of various vines, electric lights set at intervals with no particular regularity enhanced the beauty of the scene.

Immediately adjoining the lanal was the large reception room. The decorations in this and smaller adjoining rooms were by no means as elaborate as those in the lanal, but they displayed the good taste of those in charge of the decorations. To the right, upon entrance from the lanal, was a small room, where bowls of punch, surrounded by ferns and palms of all kinds, tempted the thirsty dancers.

Proceeding still further to the left was the supper room. This was another small lanal which had been recently erected. In the center was a large cypress tree, and around this were set the tables laden with refreshments. Chandeliers of electric lights cast a pleasing glow over the whole. No pains were spared in the transformation of "Rosebank" into a perfect tower of beauty.

The reception lasted from 8 until 9:30 o'clock when dancing was taken up for the remainder of the evening. Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer stood at the entrance of the lanal and cordially welcomed their guests.

A delightful supper was served at an hour close unto midnight. Music for the dancing was furnished by an orchestra from the Hawaiian band.

Among the guests of the evening were: M. and Mrs. J. F. Hackfeld, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Schmidt, H. R. M.'s, Comptroller Hawes, American Min-

ister Willis, H. I. J. M.'s Consul Shimamura, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Renjes, Captain Pignat and officers of the Benington, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Damon, Chief Justice Judd and Mrs. Judd, W. O. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carter, Rev. Alex. Macintosh and Mrs. Macintosh, Mr. and Mrs. Suhr, Captain and Mrs. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Bishop, Dr. George Herbert and Mrs. Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Gran, Mr. and Mrs. Hedemann, Professor Maxwell and Mrs. Maxwell, Mr. and Mrs. Gilman, Consul General and Mrs. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Focke, Mr. and Mrs. George Carter, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane, Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Monarrat, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dowsett, Mrs. Neumann, Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Wright, Dr. McGrew and Miss McGrew, Mrs. W. F. Allen, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Julian Monarrat, Mrs. Suun, Mrs. Noonan, Miss Helen Parker, the Misses Walker, the Misses Hartwell, the Misses Along, the Misses Atkinson, the Misses Robertson, Miss McIntyre, Miss Holmes, Miss Gertrude Widemann, Miss Fuller, Miss Hart, Judge Whiting, Judge Cooper, Colonel McLean, Colonel Soper, T. R. Walker, W. H. Cornwell, Samuel Parker, Geo. C. Potter, Bruce Cartwright, J. W. Marsden, Professor Scott, Dr. Wood, Dr. Murray and John Walker.

Too much praise cannot be accorded Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer for the most enjoyable and memorable social occasion of the present year.

Echoes of the Races.

"My horse can beat yours"—such is the cry that has led to the latest match race between the far-famed Billy C and the modest Confederate, to take place Saturday afternoon. The proposed race is the outcome of the mile race at Kapiolani park last Friday in which both of the above horses figured. Arrangements were made Saturday night for \$300 a side in a half mile and repeat race. Billy Cornwell is confident that his favorite can put Confederate in the shade and Charles David thinks his chances of winning are just as good as those of his opponent. At all events the sports believe the race will be a very close one.

There is also much talk of matching Judah against "290" the outcome of the proposition will be known in a day or two.

Improvement in Tennis.

There have been some very exciting times among the members of the Pacific Tennis Club for several weeks past, the result of the division of players into classes. Any one in a lower class may challenge any one in the class above him to play a match game. Should he win he advances into the same class with his opponent. A player may challenge any one in his own class, giving him 15 on every game. Should he win, the defeated player must go into the next class below and await a chance to climb again. This plan has advanced the standard of tennis among the members of the P. T. C. At present the standing of the members is as follows:

First Class—Walter Dillingham.
Second Class—C. H. W. Norton, Charles Hyde, Wm. Thrum, Wm. H. Coney and D. Howard Hitchcock.

Third Class—E. A. Jones, Paul F. De La Vergne, Dr. Howard, Dr. Nichols and S. G. Wilder.

Fourth Class—George Carter, Geo. C. Potter, Dr. Herbert and Robert Atkinson.

Japanese Activity.

Arrangements are being made by the leaders in the Japanese colony for the presentation to the Legislature next month of several petitions for the passage of bills which will materially aid them in the transaction of business on the islands. One of these relates to a revision of the tariff on goods manufactured in Japan and imported to this country, articles which are exclusively a product of Japan and which do not compete with goods of American manufacture.

Another matter to be brought before the lawmakers will be the request for issuance of letters of denization to several Japanese merchants. One man who is anxious to obtain whatever benefits there may be in this class of citizenship states that thus far the Government has been too busy with other state affairs to pay much attention to their claims to the right of being denizens.

Hawaiian Cycle Company, 326 Merchant street, have new high grade bicycles for rent; 25c. per hour, \$1 per day, \$3 per week, \$10 per month. See advt.

PRES. DOLE ON HAWAII.

Was Accorded a Public Reception
at Hilo Last Night.

VERDICTS IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Electric Lighting Celebration—One Man Drowned in High Running Surf—L. S. August is to Wed—Number of Visitors at Volcano House.

HILLO (Hawaii), January 15.—The January term of the Fourth Circuit Court, which convened in Hilo on the 2d instant, is still grinding out verdicts. Since last report, the following cases have been disposed of:

Republic of Hawaii vs. Hawaii (w); adultery. Defendant found guilty and fined \$30.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Hoomana (k); larceny fourth degree; appeal from District Magistrate, Hamakua. Nolle prossed.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Kahue (k); malicious injury; appeal from District Magistrate, Puna. Nolle prossed.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Saketani (k); vagrancy; appeal from District Magistrate, South Hilo. Nolle prossed.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Ipeso and twelve other Japanese; riot. Commitment from District Magistrate, South Hilo. The case was called at 1:30 p.m., and at 10 p.m. a verdict of guilty was entered, eleven being fined \$25 each, and two \$10 each.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Bernado de Camara; embezzlement; appeal from District Magistrate, South Hilo. Defendant plead guilty, and was fined \$50.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Arita Mine-do (k); distilling spirituous liquors. Guilty. Sentenced to three months, and fined \$250.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Tatsui Kondo (k); rape; commitment from District Magistrate, South Hilo. Nolle prossed.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Ah Ngee (k); adultery; appeal from District Magistrate, South Hilo. Defendant plead guilty. Fined \$100.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Uweuo (k); assault with dangerous weapon; commitment from District Magistrate, Hamakua. Guilty. Sentenced to eighteen months hard labor.

Republic of Hawaii vs. Jaos Fragoes (k); cruelty to animals; appeal from District Magistrate, Hamakua. Discharged.

In the case of John T. Baker vs. Humau Sheep Station Company and A. Hanneberg, for trespass, plaintiff was awarded damages in the sum of \$3000.

Divorces were granted the following: Nawallan (k.) from Mekala (w.), Armina Lopez (w.) from Manuel Lopez (k.), Maria Viera (w.) from Louis Viera (k.).

In the case of Republic of Hawaii vs. De Costa, a driver for J. R. Wilson, charged with heedless driving, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Ten Poi and Ah Wah, charged with burglary, plead guilty and were sentenced to two years imprisonment at hard labor. The burglary was committed at the residence of H. C. Austin one evening last week, entry being effected into the room of Suey, the Japanese nurse, while she was at dinner. It was known by Ah Wah, who had been employed as laundryman on the place, that Suey had a considerable sum of money secreted in a trunk. Tin Poi stood guard while Ah Wah brought out the trunk, and together they carried it a distance from the house, where they extracted the coin, amounting to about \$200.

Suey heard a noise in the room, but thought a friend of hers had come in. A few minutes later she discovered what had really happened. The alarm was given and within an hour Ah Wah was in the arms of the law. His accomplice was arrested next day. A few dollars were missing.

President Dole and party, who are expected in Hilo tomorrow, will be accorded a public reception at Spreckels' hall on Friday evening. A supper and dance will follow the reception. Elaborate preparations are in progress for the event. The hall is to be lighted by fifty electric lights, and as many more incandescent lights will illuminate the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Severance, where the party will remain while in Hilo.

Louis Grant, superintendent of the Hilo Electric Light Company, entertained a large party of ladies and gentlemen at his parlors adjoining the electric light building, on the evening of the 13th in honor of a brilliant event—the lighting of Hilo by means of electricity. Everything proved successful as regards both the party and the lighting. Mr. Grant reports 500 lights subscribed for up to date.

Most of legal fraternity and a few of our Hilo ladies enjoyed a pleasant day's outing on Monday last at Coconut Island, while the court was having a vacation.

For two or three days last week the surf was running very high, so that it was unsafe for boats to attempt Hilo wharf, and somewhat hazardous even at Waikae. Some Japanese fishermen, while out in a small boat Friday were captured by the breakers beyond Coconut Island, and one man was drowned. His clothes were recovered two days later, but the body has not yet been recovered. The companion of the drowned man clung to the capsized boat and was rescued.

Speculation is rife as to who will be the next deputy sheriff. Mr. Williams has resigned the position, and is talking of moving to his homestead at Kaunama with his family. As yet the public has no intimation of the choice of Mr. Williams' successor.

A change in the management of Theo. Davies & Co.'s wholesale house in Hilo is about to take place. Mr. Lindsay assumes charge and Mr.

Cockburn withdraws, as soon as affairs are arranged.

The engagement of Miss Emma Schoen of San Jose, Cal., and Luther S. August of Kailua, Kona, is announced. The wedding will take place shortly.

Mrs. J. A. Scott and family and Miss Lyman are spending some weeks at the Volcano House.

Messrs. Dole, Kinney and Doyle expect to return to Honolulu per this Kinau. Mr. Neumann remains to attend to further business requiring his attention in court this week.

An unusual number of visitors were at the Volcano House this week.

Weather is beautiful—mornings cold and evenings cool; no rain for days; mornings and afternoons delightful.

Bark Annie Johnson is looked for any day. She left San Francisco on the first. Bark Santiago is loading sugar.

THE PEOPLE MARVELLED

At the Rescue of Mr. Metcalfe of Horning Mills.

Badly Crippled With Sciatica and an Intense Sufferer for Years—For Two Years Was Not Able to do Any Work—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restores Him to Health.

From the Shelburne (Canada) Economist.

The completion of the local telephone service between Shelburne and Horning's Mills by Messrs. John Metcalfe and W. H. Mariett, referred to in these columns recently, was the means of bringing to the notice of a reporter of the Economist the fact of the remarkable restoration to health some time ago of Mr. Metcalfe, the chief promoter of the line. For about two years Mr. Metcalfe was a terrible sufferer from sciatica, and unable to work. While not altogether bedfast, he was so badly crippled that his best form, as he occasionally hobbled about the streets of Horning's Mills, excited universal sympathy. The trouble was in one of his hips and he could not stand or walk erect. His familiar attitude, as the residents



"Walked in a stooped position."

can vouch, was a stooped over position, with one hand on his knee. Mr. Metcalfe says: "For about two years I was not able to do any work. Local physicians failed to do me any good, and I went to Toronto for treatment, with equally unsatisfactory results. I also tried electrical appliances without avail. I returned home from Toronto discouraged, and said that I would take no more medicine, that it seemed as if I had to die anyway. My system was very much run down and the pains at times were excruciating. I adhered for several months to my determination to take no medicine, but finally consented to a trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strongly recommended by a friend. Before I had taken them very long I felt a great deal better, my appetite returned, and the pains diminished. After using the pills for some time longer I was able to stand and walk erect and resume my work, in the full enjoyment of health and strength. People who knew me marvelled at the change, and on my personal recommendation many have used Pink Pills. This is the first time, however, that I have given the facts for publication."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a remarkable efficacy in curing diseases arising from an impoverished condition of the blood, or from an impairment of the nervous system, such as anaemia, general muscular weakness, dizziness, loss of memory, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, St. Vitus' dance, scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, correcting irregularities, suppressions and all forms of female weakness. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature. These pills are not a purgative medicine. They contain only life-giving properties, and nothing that could injure the most delicate system. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by HOLLISTER DRUG CO., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands and all dealers in medicine.

STOLE TYPEWRITERS.

Underwood and Morrow Came Here on Funds so Secured.

Late Coast papers devote considerable space to the supposed filibusters, Morrow and Underwood, now serving sentences here.

The way in which they obtained funds to get to Honolulu has been learned. They secured type-writers without paying for them and then pawned the machines. It is known that they got four typewriters and secured \$59 from the pawn brokers, but how many other things they stole in the same way has not come to light yet. Dr. Underwood figured as the swindler in the cases of the typewriters. Warrants are now out for his arrest on charges of felony embezzlement, and Morrow is also wanted by the police on other charges. As the two adventurers are now in jail in Honolulu, it is not likely that they will soon be called to account for their criminal transactions in San Francisco.

P. H. Burnet and Miss Ida Dower were married Saturday evening at the residence of Rev. T. D. Garvin.

GERMAN CELEBRATION.

Dancing, Feasting and Merry Making.

A NIGHT OF GENUINE PLEASURE.

German Commemorate Confederation of States—Independence Park and Hawaiian Hotel the Scenes of Enjoyment Saturday Afternoon and Eve.

Saturday was an occasion upon which all the Germans of the city joined hands in a general celebration, the event being the twenty-fifth anniversary of the proclamation of William I of Prussia as Emperor of Germany at Versailles by all the German sovereigns. Preparations had been made for a grand time, the committee, of which J. F. Hackfeld was



JOHN F. HACKFELD, CONSUL FOR GERMANY, CHAIRMAN OF THE DAY.

chairman, doing all in their power to make the event a memorable one in the hearts of Germans in Honolulu.

At Independence Park.

The day's festivities began at Independence Park pavilion, where from 3 to 6 p.m. all Germans were invited to be present.

The hall was most tastefully decorated with flags of all nations, principally German, and greens and palms in abundance. This part of the work was done by George R. Grau, Carl Widemann and others.

The program of the afternoon was a general good time. The Hawaiian Band was divided in two parts, one being stationed outside the pavilion and the other used as an orchestra for dance music in the hall.

All afternoon Germans from this and other islands poured into the hall and there indulged in pleasant converse with their friends, the principal topic being the Vaterland.

Dancing proved a source of great enjoyment to many. The floor was occupied during the whole afternoon by devotees of terpsichore.

Speeches were made by different people during the afternoon, the principal one being by Consul Hackfeld at the opening of festivities. In it Mr. Hackfeld spoke of Germany, the Emperor and the German people. The speech was on the patriotic order and drew forth rounds of applause from the Germans present.

The whole afternoon was a very pleasant one, and served to renew in the hearts of the Germans their inborn love of country and pride in their ruler. The committee deserve great credit for bringing the affair to such a successful termination.

The Hotel Banquet.

The festivities at Independence Park pavilion were complete in themselves, but the day would not have been properly terminated without the splendid dinner at the Hawaiian Hotel.

The large hall was most artistically decorated, the work being done by the Chinese waiters and the hotel gardener, under the supervision of Manager Lucas. Potted ferns and palms were set about at different points in the hall. Palm leaves prettily arched over the windows and doors made a belt of green around the whole room. The chandeliers and open woodwork were decorated with sprays of vines and red flowers prettily entwined. There was no profusion in the matter of decorations with ferns and palms, just enough being distributed about to make a pretty effect.

The center of attraction in the matter of decoration was a large picture of the ceremony of the proclamation of William I. as Emperor of Germany by all the German monarchs hung on the mauka wall of the dining hall. The troops all drawn up in line made an imposing effect in the picture, setting it out prominently.

The tables were prettily set and decorated with various kinds of flowers. Button hole bouquets were set at each plate.

Over forty prominent Germans of the city, with J. F. Hackfeld presiding, were present and appeared in the right mood for a jolly good time. A sumptuous repast had been provided for the guests of the evening. The menu was as follows:

- Schildkrotensuppes.
- Oliven
- Fisch:
- Uhu mit holländischer sauce
- Lammcotelettes.
- Gebratene Tauben.
- Roemischer Pansen.
- Poulsen
- Gemuese
- Spargelsalat.
- Erdbeergelée.
- Kuchen.
- Kaffee.
- Heringe.
- Fruechte.

The Hawaiian band stationed in the old stand just opposite the dining room, rendered the following delightful program of German music during the progress of the dinner.

- 1 March—All Duetschland.....Faust
- 2 Gavotte—Die Hohenzollern.....Thiele
- 3 March—Unter dem Doppeladler.....Wagner
- 4 Potpourri—Kriegserinnerungen.....Lard
- 5 Waltzer—Der Vogelhändler.....Zeller
- 6 Fantasia—Die Wachtparade Kommt.....Elleuberg
- 7 Potpourri—Deutsche Maersche.....Seldenzlany
- 8 Galopp—Kaiser Wilhelm.....Zilkoff

At the completion of the dinner, F. A. Schaefer toasted Consul Hackfeld, who, as toast master, called upon various Germans present to respond to toasts, the principal ones being "Germany and the German Empire" by Professor Berger; "The Army" by Consul Hackfeld; "The Army" by Professor Berger; "Chancellor Bismarck" by C. Berliowitz; "The Ladies" by Alex. Isenberg.

After the toasts, pleasant little speeches were made by various Germans present. A general good time was indulged in until a late hour, when the party broke up, every one expressing himself as abundantly satisfied with the success of the day's festivities.

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Will do better on
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Is the very best at the
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Sugar! Sugar! Sugar!

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FERTILIZER.

The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company has just received per "Helen Brewer":

- 50 Tons Soft Phosphate Florida,
- 150 Tons Double Superphosphate,
- 300 Tons Natural Plant Food,
- 25 Tons Common Superphosphate

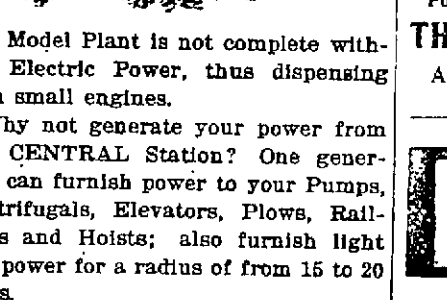
Also per "Martha Davis" and other vessels,

- Nitrate of Soda,
- Sulphate of Ammonia,
- Sulphate of Potash,
- Muriate of Potash & Kainit

High-Grade Manures

To any analysis always on hand or made to order.

A. F. COOKE, Agent.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

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THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

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Partial list per Amy Turner of Goods just received from New York.

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Is the famous KROEGER. It is always in the van of improvement. We are showing a

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That has recently been put on the market. It is a gem. Liberal discount for cash. Call and see it. It is a beauty.

PIANOS kept in tune for one year gratis. Old instruments taken as part payment. Tuning and repairing a specialty.

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COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

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Choicest Meats

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G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

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AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos.

Cigars, Pipes and

Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufactories has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's

Celebrated Billiard Tables

Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.

W. H. RICE,

Stock Raiser and Dealer

BREEDER OF

FINE HORSES AND CATTLE

From the Thoroughbred

Standard-bred Stallion Nutwood, by Nutwood Jr.

Norman Stallion Captain Grawl.

Native-Bred Stallion Boswell.

Also a Choice Lot of

BULLS, COWS AND CALVES

From the Celebrated Bulls

Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham.

A Lot of

Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

FOR SALE.

2 Pure-Bred Hereford Bulls For Sale.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-Hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed to

W. H. RICE, Lihue, Kauai.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY - JANUARY 21 1896

The suggestion by the higher class Japanese that the Government make use of the Dangerous Persons Act in ridding the country of the idlers supported by Japanese prostitutes is worthy of attention. This is an evil which has increased during the past two years, but, with the co-operation of those who offer a possible solution of the problem, much good might be accomplished.

WHILE Rev. Mr. Birnie, in his excellent sermon of yesterday morning, was drawing illustrations of the childish mannerisms of those who are old enough to know better, he might well have drawn attention to the people of Honolulu who have night after night furnished traveling troupes with good audiences, but let Saturday night lectures replete with interesting and useful information, go by the board. It is certainly an evidence that all the people of this city have not put away childish things when they crowd the light entertainments, but give little more than a baker's dozen to the lecturer. The traveling artist gives a pleasant diversion and is deserving of patronage. The lecturer works in a different way, but he is equally deserving.

TO-DAY our German fellow citizens celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the re-establishment of the German Empire. Founded by Charlemagne in A. D. 800, it continued till 1804, running in the House of Hapsburg from 1437 to that date it had a glorious record. But none of its historical events were more dramatic than that great scene in the hall of the Marshals at Versailles when the conquering King of Prussia, surrounded by the generals, by the pick of the elite of his nation, fresh from the battle field, with the unwithered laurel on his brow, was proclaimed Emperor of a united German people. He was a great man, he had great men around him, and our fellow citizens are more than justified in celebrating a great, we may say, a magnificent historical event. To the memory of Kaiser Wilhelm I.—Hoch!

It is somewhat out of the ordinary run of events, to say the least, for members of the diplomatic corps to take issue with a government on the observation of a holiday. So far as we are aware, the question of fixing dates and the manner of observing national holidays rests entirely with the Government, and unless there are features in the observances which tend to bring about international complications we know of no reason why foreign representatives should not fall into line, act their part in the function and ask no questions. The 17th of January has been declared a public holiday in the Republic of Hawaii, and it becomes a question of more or less moment whether an objection to take part in an official function, because this or that country did not see fit to recognize the Provisional Government, might not be considered in the line of a breach of diplomatic courtesy. It seems quite as sensible for foreign representatives to request to be relieved from the observance of New Year's because the home Governments were not on hand to place the seal of approval on the first attempt at marking the cycles of time.

THE finance committee of the Atlanta Exposition, which closed on Dec. 1st find that when all the expenses have been paid the exposition will have cost the city of Atlanta \$200,000 or less than 10 per cent of the money expended on the enterprise. This is a good showing in view of the fact that expositions are not as a rule enterprises in which the direct returns

give a cash balance. It has been well said that the Atlanta exposition is one of the most important events that has occurred in the South since Sherman made his devastating tour through that country. The new South has been put before the world in its proper light and abundant reward will be reaped from this evidence of the progressive spirit that has given new life to the commercial development.

THE war cloud that has settled over England and Germany presents without doubt, the most serious aspect of any disturbance that has arisen in the world's political atmosphere for some years. As in the Venezuelan affair however, it is safe to say that while war is a possibility, it is by no means probable. The land grabbing advances of England have stirred Germany to take action which has given rise to a feeling among Britons that the whole world is pitted against them. The British blood is up and like the Americans, every mother's son is ready, to fight rather than see their country put to shame by any opponent. On the other hand the solid thinking men of all nations realize the honor of a European war, also the fact that upon the nation taking the initiative in an armed conflict falls the responsibility of setting in motion a general war throughout the Eastern hemisphere. Russia is simply holding back to see what is to be the outcome, ready at any time to make an advance in Asia and gain her much coveted territory. This would undoubtedly involve Japan, possibly China and it is hardly safe to predict that France could maintain strict neutrality. One of the remarkable features in the recent war talk that is far from reassuring, is the readiness shown by many veterans who know all the horrors of armed strife, to again go to the field and settle problems on which the diplomats have failed. Should the unexpected happen and the young Emperor of Germany and the British premier stand firm in their desire to try the national mettle, the declaration of war which must follow would be the darkest blot that has ever disgraced modern civilization.

THE prospects for Cuban independence have never been brighter than today. Although the reported downfall of Havana has proved a canard, the patriots have advanced steadily and have set the hearts of the Spanish authorities quaking, as is evidenced by their near approach to Havana and the proclamation of martial law in that city. The program of the patriots seems to be to run the sugar crop in the outlying districts and by crippling the leading business of the island bring the people to their terms. The work of devastation has had an important bearing upon the sugar market, as is shown by the following, given in Willett & Gray's Statistical of January 3d: "The Cuban news is more important than ever. Plantation after plantation has been burned in the unimpeded march of the insurgents through the island. We can state authoritatively that it has been decided by the insurgents to continue destroying all the cane fields of Cuba whether grinding is attempted or not. The buildings will be saved as far as practicable. In view of these facts we must reduce our estimate of the Cuba crop very largely, and in place of our original estimate of 600,000 tons on May 9, 1895, we now estimate not exceeding 300,000 tons. Unless burned cane fields are plowed and attended to at once there can be no succeeding crop in 1897, so that those persons who desire to look further ahead can confidently count on a very small crop in Cuba in 1897 regardless of the outcome of the rebellion. Our today - Havana cable says the news from the interior is very unsatisfactory."

C. S. Bradford who has been city editor of the Advertiser for the past year, has been transferred to the advertising department. Mr. Bradford assumes the duties of his new position today.

THE ANNEXATION RESOLUTION.

The rumored movement in the United States Congress on the Hawaiian question has finally taken definite form and the annexation problem is again formally set before the legislators of the United States. The Spaulding resolution proposes to make a State of Hawaii. It has been suggested that a peculiar form of statehood is proposed, as the resolution calls for one Representative, and a State with but one representative in Congress is something unknown to the American Constitution. If statehood is what Mr. Spaulding means he has probably taken it for granted that the two Senators will be allowed this country as on the present basis of representation in the House, Hawaii would only be entitled to one Representative.

The resolution is intended to follow the Texas precedent, a course which is constitutional in the annexing of foreign territory. The provision for another constitutional convention does not indicate any dissatisfaction with the present constitution of Hawaii; on the contrary, Mr. Spaulding, as well as most of those who have given the matter careful consideration pronounce our present constitution an ideal instrument. The change to a state would, however, necessitate many alterations which would require a new constitution to be drawn up. It is safe to say that Mr. Spaulding's resolution will undergo a thorough revision, and, when finally reported back to the House, will probably make provision for the annexation of Hawaii as a territory. As is remarked by the New York Sun, Mr. Spaulding asks for too much. He fails to separate the main question from the subordinate considerations of method of procedure which will only serve to tangle up the whole business.

Without stopping to consider the advisability of Mr. Spaulding's proposed method, the question arises, what will Congress and the President do with the measure? The feeling in favor of annexation has become settled, and there is no doubt that the majority of the American people look upon its accomplishment as only a matter of time. It is regarded as a part of the foreign policy of the United States. The expectation is, that it will not be accomplished while Mr. Cleveland is in the White House. His whole course in this matter has been put down as opposed to the desires and convictions of most Americans in both parties. Leading Democrats ascribe to this in some measure the whirlwind of popular indignation which has rendered a return of the Republicans to power a certainty of the near future.

If President Cleveland opposes the annexation of Hawaii, it cannot be accomplished while he is President, for any joint resolution must receive his signature before it can become effect, even if it should finally pass both branches of Congress. But does President Cleveland oppose annexation in itself? He has not said so. It is true he attempted to restore the ex-queen, but he says it was his attempt to right what he conceived to be a wrong. On the question of annexation he has more than once suggested to Congress that the voice of the people of Hawaii ought to be heard. If a resolution should pass requiring another expression of opinion by the voters of Hawaii it is highly probable that he will claim this provision as a vindication of his course and accept the situation as presented by Congress. He knows very well that such a course would go far to remove the bad opinion of the people. He also knows that by such a course the Hawaiian question would be very largely removed from party politics, and that is a condition which goes a good way in view of the approaching election. Annexation under the present Administration while not probable is not impossible.

The Adams will relieve the Bennington, arriving during the latter part of next month.

AN UNRELIABLE FRIEND.

The New York Nation, with its supernatural sense of right and wrong, in all earthly matters, had to catch its breath, in grasping for words sufficiently strong enough to approve Mr. Cleveland's attitude towards Hawaii, when he told us, we had done a very unjust thing in reconstructing our political affairs. The Nation not only approved of his conduct towards us, but called him "a wise statesman, a patriotic citizen, an honest citizen" for what he did. This was, of course, very comforting to Mr. Cleveland, especially so, when the Nation did not hesitate to guarantee, as it usually does, that the Almighty would implicitly follow its opinions about all things in general.

But Mr. Cleveland's message regarding the Venezuelan matters has sadly shocked the Nation's distressingly keen sense of right and wrong, and now, it does not hesitate to put Mr. Cleveland by the side of "those missionary thieves and pirates," who, it always says, created, for base objects, our revolution of '93. In its issue of Dec. 27, it says that the President's threat of war with England "is doubly disgraceful," that he is now displaying himself as the greatest international anarchist of modern times," and accuses him of playing to the galleries. It has no charity for him, and tells him he has disgraced himself.

The friendship of the Nation is about as uncertain as that of the inebriated sailor, who fondly clings to the neck of his sober companion for one moment, and, in the next moment, draws away and hits him. That paper is prone to getting morally intoxicated on all sorts of subjects. In our case, the good Mr. Charles Nordhoff mixed the drugs that set it off on an unsteady march. In Mr. Cleveland's case, his own message did it.

VENEZUELAN DEVELOPMENTS.

So far as newspaper dispatches are concerned, the Venezuelan affair has paled almost to insignificance. This is due partly to the more serious complications that have arisen among the European powers, but principally to the fact that the season for pyrotechnic display has passed, and the problem now awaits the verdict of the commission appointed by President Cleveland. The opening session of this body gives every indication that the investigation will be carried on with all possible dispatch. For men of intellectual finish and personal integrity, the make-up of the commission could not be improved. It must be admitted, however, that it has a failing not unknown in similar combinations in the United States. It lacks trained diplomats. President White, and possibly Mr. Coudert, are the only members who have been in a position to become acquainted with the practical side of diplomatic affairs. Justice Brewer, President Gilman and Judge Alvey are men of unquestionable ability, but they are not the men "trained to the service" as would probably be a characteristic feature if a similar body were formed by the British government. It is safe to say however that these men will proceed carefully and will not be influenced to any considerable extent by the enthusiasts of either of the great political parties. They will make haste slowly and although they may be outwitted by the more ractical Britons with whom they must have more or less dealing, they will not force the United States into any more disagreeable complications than exist at the present time.

One of the interesting developments in this affair is the change of feeling that has taken place in Great Britain. When President Cleveland's message was first made public, there was hardly a newspaper or public man in England that took the matter seriously. It was generally regarded as a political move on the part of the President in which the American people took compara-

tively little interest. The true situation, the unanimous support which the President received, the wiping out of party lines, all came as a surprise. The one man who has done more to place the British mind right on the subject is Henry Normann, the American representative of the London Chronicle. Mr. Normann gauged the situation and has been assiduously at work in giving his fellow countrymen a correct review of the American sentiment. He has been a warm advocate of arbitration and has undoubtedly done not a little in calming the troubled spirits of both nations. Through his efforts and the settling of men's minds to a solid common sense basis, the war spirit is disappearing and the opposing factions are coming to a careful consideration of what is the best thing to be done.

AN EXAMPLE WORTH NOTING.

There is food for a vast amount of serious study for the Anglo-Saxon residents of this country in the quiet, but aggressive, work of the Japanese Commercial Union, of which a description of the methods and objects to be attained is given in another column. In this, as in nearly every movement to which the Japanese put their hands, we find a unity of purpose and loyalty to the mother country which is characteristic of the nation and forebodes success. This means competition, sharp competition, that will not decrease in strength as the years go by. The question at once arises, what is being done to meet this competition? It is a straight business proposition which must be met sooner or later. From present appearances it would seem that many of our residents are calmly viewing the situation and with eyes fairly well opened are trusting to previous good fortune for the future. One of the arguments now being used by many Americans in California against the white residents in this country, is, that we are not making an effort to return the benefits which are derived by reciprocal relations with the United States, that we are going to markets outside the United States and also allowing Japan to gain the ascendancy. These accusations are in a measure exaggerated, and comparative tables show that our imports from San Francisco are on the increase. But at the same time if we showed the same patriotic commercial loyalty to the country that has been our benefactor as our Japanese brethren, there could be no cause for complaint from that source. It is a problem that is growing in importance and it is better to meet it face to face before it becomes too bulky to handle. The Japanese by their united action are setting a good example.

An Actor's Luck.

Slade Murray, the English singer who passed through here on the Alameda a month ago under engagement at the Orpheum, has had an unpleasant experience in San Francisco. When he presented himself at the theatre the manager refused to recognize the contract, owing to Murray being a steamer late. He secured an engagement at the Alcazar for two weeks, and, at its termination, will go to Chicago, where he is engaged for February.

NOTICE TO COFFEE PLANTERS.**Hulling and Cleaning Coffee.**

We are prepared to handle COFFEE in the cherry and hull with the latest machinery.
Send us your COFFEES, either direct or through your agents.
COFFEE taken from ships side hulled cleaned and delivered to any designated warehouse in this city.
No charge for insurance and storage while COFFEES are in our mills.

ATLAS COFFEE MILLS,
SAN FRANCISCO.
J. A. FOLGER & CO.,
Proprietors.

Timely Topics

JANUARY 8, 1896.

STEADY GRIND—"I have learned from observation" says Chauncey Depew, "that three things surely happen to a man who works without relaxation. In the first place he becomes nervous, irritable and hard to get along with. In the second place the grade of his work falls off, and he is liable to err in his judgment. In the third place he dies suddenly." These remarks of the famous after dinner speaker we consider not only decided applicable in the sense in which they are intended, but in the way of a great many of the manufacturers that are constantly placing inferior goods on the market and claiming them as superior to the product of older and better known houses. This is especially true of cutlery. There are houses who place this class of goods on the market that are made up for show and sale only, but whose wear is warranted only until they have been once scoured. This is not the case with the goods of well known and established houses whose reputation depends upon the wear of goods.

They pride themselves on what they make being made of the best material that money and experience can turn out. The John Russell Cutlery Company have a reputation that is envied by many and equalled by few. Ex S. S. Australia we received a consignment of their high grade cutlery consisting of carvers (in cases), slicing, kitchen, butcher, hunting and cake knives, as well as complete sets for the dinner from the fish course to the desert. Agate Iron Ware is too well known to need any comment on our part. Suffice it to that we have "it" in Agate Iron Ware. The Bradley and Hubbard Company have been so rushed with orders that they have found it impossible to meet and turn out the work as fast as the orders were received. If you desire something new in these goods we can accommodate you, and the designs sent us are the newest of the new in both lamps and chandeliers.

THE . . .

Hawaiian Hardware

COMPANY, L'D.

Opposite Spreckels' Bank.

307 FORT STREET.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Marshal Brown has returned from Kauai.

Editor Towse has returned from the Volcano.

Fred Horner will return by the next Australia.

Miss Kate Field leaves for the Volcano this-morning.

The weather today will be changeable. Umbrellas are in order.

Mr. C. L. Wooster, of San Francisco, is in the city again on business.

Ex-detective McAvoy leaves today for Maui to accept a position at Paia.

The Japanese acrobats performed at Waianae Saturday night to a large audience.

Mrs. H. N. Castle and family are at Pearl City peninsula for a month's vacation.

Marshal Brown was unable to attend to his duties yesterday on account of illness.

It is not known whether Amarino has been sold at the Coast by his owner, Robert Ballantyne.

Dr. A. R. Rowat asks for prompt settlement of accounts, as he contemplates leaving the country.

J. T. Stacker takes up the duties of the city editorship of the ADVERTISER with this morning's issue.

F. M. Swanzy returned from Kohala on the steamer Kinau after a short business trip to that place.

A four horse-power engine in good condition is offered for sale by the Hawaiian Gazette Company.

Mrs. Bryant has so far recovered from her recent illness that she expects to return to her home on Kauai in a fortnight.

Secretary Corbett of the Y. M. C. A. reports great interest still in gymnasium work, both among the day and night classes.

Hons. Hugh M. Nelson, Robert Philp and Thomas J. Byrne, of the New Zealand cabinet, have returned from a trip to the volcano.

J. E. Miller, representing San Francisco fertilizer interests, returned on the Kinau after a trip to various places on Maui and Hawaii.

Mrs. John Effinger, two children and maid, were among the passengers by the Alameda. They are the family of John Effinger, book-keeper for Lewis & Co.

The Japanese steamer Gai Sen Maru will be due at Honolulu February 7th, from Yokohama with 645 Japanese laborers. She will come consigned to Ogura & Co.

Sylvester Kalama has received a new native song entitled "Hoomanawanui Maluna o ka Lahui," the composition of S. Solomon, one of the Hawaiian National Band boys.

Wallace R. Farrington returned by the Alameda from a trip to the Coast. He has assumed the duties of editor of the ADVERTISER and GAZETTE, relieving Mr. A. T. Atkinson.

The many friends of Jack Atkinson will be glad to know that news was received by the Alameda yesterday of his entire recovery from the recent dangerous attack of illness.

Larry Dee has sold the ex-royal hack to M. H. de Young of the Chronicle for \$500. Mr. Dee is expected to return to the island in a few weeks with a ship's load of feed stuffs.

Mr. Tracy, the gent's furnisher, will leave for a four months' trip to the Orient by the Coptic, Feb. 4th. While absent Mr. Tracy will visit Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore and other cities.

W. H. Cornwell and friends gave a grand celebration at the home of Antonio Rosa, Kalawai, yesterday, in honor of the success of Billy C. in the races of the 17th. It is needless to say an enjoyable day was spent.

Manager Lee, of the Volcano House, writes under date January 14th, that the crater is increasing in activity and the lake risen some fifty feet since last accounts. There was a marked increase in the number of guests at the hotel since the day after the volcano broke out.

Rev. Mr. Birnie's sermon at Central Union church, on putting away childish things, was full of suggestions and practical ideas. The music, was in keeping with the theme of the speaker, and the solos by Mrs. Warriner and Mr. Wood added much to the worship of the morning.

The guards at the quarantine station were busy last evening "scaring off the Chinese devils." A large collection of pyrotechnics had been procured to celebrate on the 17th, but, as the weather was

not favorable on that evening, the affair was postponed. There were rockets, bombs and fire-crackers galore.

In the police court yesterday morning Nakai was fined \$35 and costs for maintaining and conducting a che fa game. His nine native associates had their cases nolle pross'd. Nakai has three appealed cases against him already for the same offense.

BUSINESS INCREASING.

Comparative Statement—Gradual Improvement Noticeable.

The following comparative statement in values of invoices of goods shipped from the port of San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands shows a gradual increase since 1892, the year in which the McKinley bill wrought such havoc with the average importer.

The figures given below demonstrate that the general business of the islands has had an upward tendency during each year since 1892. The decrease of nearly a million and a half dollars between the years '91 and '92 may be attributed entirely to the effect of tariff revisions in the United States and the gradual increase since that time may be attributed to a restoration of confidence. The imports of 1893—the year of the revolution and the time when some persons inclined toward the opinion that the country was going to the dogs the imports exceeded those of the previous year. The totals given are from a compilation of Consul-General Wilder's reports:

1891	\$4,084,584.42
1892	2,652,798.25
1893	2,959,404.20
1894	3,027,119.82
1895	3,069,204.34

It will be noticed that the increase in 1895 over that of 1894 was \$42,085.52 not large but nevertheless an increase. The imports for 1895 were a trifle more than a million dollars less than those of 1891.

BY RAIL TO CIRCUS.

Great Gathering at Ewa to Witness Wirth's Circus.

It was a happy idea of the circus management to give a performance at Ewa mill last night. Excursion trains were run from Honolulu and Waianae; both were well patronized. At Pearl City a large number of people joined the Honolulu excursion.

Ewa was reached about 8 p. m., the city train having left promptly at 7. The big tent was crowded, all available seats being filled and numerous people standing. The performance was greatly appreciated and consisted of a varied program.

On the return to Honolulu the excursion, with the horses and company, reached the city at 11:30 last night. The tent and other appliances will be brought up this morning.

The circus will begin their farewell season in Honolulu, preparatory to leaving for the Orient, Wednesday, due notice of which will be found in these columns.

C. N. G. or N. G. H.—Which?

The California National Guard may have some crack shots in its ranks, but they will have to get to work if they intend to whip the Honolulu boys in the match shoot to take place February 8th on both sides of the water.

Beginning with today all those who won medals in the December contest will begin practice at Makiki butts for the proposed shoot. It will be hard work right from the beginning, but the men are anxious to show their skill and are willing to give up a great deal in order to uphold the reputation of the N. G. H.

The teams to contest will consist of fifty men each, composed of those making the highest scores in the local shoots.

Colonel Fisher, who will captain the team, was out for practice Saturday night.

Dr. Birnie's Lecture Postponed.

The stereopticon lecture on Southern Palestine which was to have been given by Rev. D. P. Birnie in Y. M. C. A. hall Saturday evening has been postponed on account of the charitable object of "Meredith's Old Coat," to be given at Independence Park pavilion on the same evening for which the lecture was set. Dr. Birnie will deliver his lecture on the evening of the second Saturday in March. The next lecture in the Y. M. C. A. course will be "The Hawaiian Constitution," by Chief Justice Judd, February 1st.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

10 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

BAND EXCURSION.

Off for Hawaii by the Kinau This Morning.

The Hawaiian Band will leave on the Kinau this morning for Hilo. Concerts will be given there on January 23, 24, 25 and 26. On the 27th they will depart for Maui, arriving at Maalaea next day. Concerts will be given at Waikuku on the 29th and 30th, and at Kahului on January 31st and February 1st. The band will arrive here on the 2d proximo. Through the kindness of C. L. Wight, president of the Wilder S. S. Company, Minister Cooper was enabled to make special and advantageous arrangements for the tour.

Owing to the meager allowance to the Foreign office for incidental trips to other places on the islands at this time are impracticable; it is the intention of Minister Cooper to arrange for such tour to Kohala and Kauai in the near future.

Regarding the complaints made on account of the non-attendance of the band at the races last Friday, the Minister remarked yesterday that it was not the intention of the department to furnish the band to private individuals even for a money consideration. He will, however, assist charitable objects in this way whenever it is possible. The band attended the German celebration at the request of Mr. J. F. Hackfeld, a member of the consular corps. The day was a national holiday for the Germans, and it was perfectly legitimate for the Foreign office to grant the request. It is a matter of etiquette in diplomatic circles to grant such requests, and for that reason the string orchestra attended the Schaefer reception last night.

Watch Dog Makes Complications.

Ah Yin, the Kapalama rice planter, was arrested yesterday morning for malicious injury and all on account of a big ugly dog.

People have been in the habit of going over to Ah Yin's place for water when it could not be obtained with ease upon their own grounds.

Sunday night, John Lii, a native lad, was sent by his father to fetch water from the accustomed place. Like a good little boy, Johnny obeyed and ran off to dip his bucket full of water.

Just as he was in the act of doing this a hoarse growl followed by a hoarser bark made the poor little fellow shudder and before he was fully aware of it, something grabbed him by the back.

Turning around he, distinguished the outlines of a huge dog standing over him. He jumped up and, outrunning the vicious beast, succeeded in getting back to his home.

The boy's father was very much enraged and swore if he had been the possessor of a blunderbus he would have annihilated both dog and owner.

Ah Yin would make no amends for the damage done the boy's cuticle so the enraged father swore out a warrant and Ah Yin was arrested. He was released later on bond.

Deaths Recorded.

In the Missionary Herald for January are notices of the deaths of Captain Gilett at Nordhoff, Cal., and Marie Smith, at Oakland, Cal. Captain Gilett had command of the first Morning Star, 1860-1866, and also of the third Morning Star in 1873.

Marie Smith was the daughter of Rev. A. H. Smith, of the North China Mission, and spent a winter at Punahou when her uncle, Rev. W. C. Merritt, was president of Oahu College.

KOHALA INDULGES.

New Year's Receptions and Society's Whirls.

Various Happenings in the Sugar Districts—A Leap Year Party, Etc.

KOHALA, (Hawaii), Jan. 15.—All the mills in the district are at work and the harvesting of the crop of '96 has begun in earnest. Owing to a better distribution rainfall during the past year, the yield of sugar gives promise of being materially larger than it has been during the last two or three seasons.

We are experiencing the rainy weather common to this time of year. But so far no heavy rains have fallen, and for the last few days it has been perfect harvest weather. On one or two nights lately the mercury dropped to nearly 60 deg.

It is reported that there are a few cases of whooping cough in the district.

The early receipts of foreign mails has been exceptionally gratifying during the past two or three weeks. Wilder's Steamship Company announce a five days mail service in future for Kohala, the Likelike coming in midway between trips of the Kinau.

Add to this the probability of another Kohala Senator in the Legislature, and you can scarcely wonder that this intellectual centre feels a deep content that has been unknown for years.

The election of January 8th was very quiet, little or no electioneering being apparent. As the total vote was declared a tie, each citizen who failed to cast his vote must feel a heavy responsibility. Explanations of the same will be in order.

The usual New Year's dance was postponed until the 3rd, and as a great many felt worn out with holiday festivities, the attendance was smaller than usual, still a very pleasant time was had.

New Year's eve was the occasion of a dinner party given by Miss Hall at her home in Nihihi, and on the same evening the Literary Circle discussed some of Shakespeare's plays at Dr. Bond's residence. There were six interesting papers read discussing as many well known characters, besides music and other entertainment.

A leap year ball was held at the Music hall on Wednesday night. The ladies of the district provided everything and took entire charge. All that the men were allowed to do was to look pretty and wait till they were asked to dance or promenade or receive the thousand and one little attentions that usually fall to the share of the other sex.

Though these rules were not strictly adhered to, still it was a most pleasant departure from the cut and dried forms of etiquette. And the evening was from every point of view a brilliant affair and a decided success. It was the largest public gathering for some time. It is to be hoped that this is only the first of a series of such delightful social events during the winter.

The sailing vessels J. G. North and J. D. Spreckels are expected here during the coming week with cargoes of general merchandise.

Mr. and Miss Greenwell of Kona and Mr. and Mrs. von Tempesky of Maui are visiting friends in Kohala, and Mr. Swanzy of Honolulu is combining business with pleasure here.

A late arrival in our midst is Mr. Taylor, who takes charge of the Mahukona school.

NEW COFFEE COMPANY.

The Olaa Company Reincorporated—Increased Capital.

The Olaa Coffee Company, which operated under the laws of California, has been reincorporated and reorganized under the laws of Hawaii as the Capital Coffee and Commercial Company of Olaa with a capital of \$170,000, and permission to increase it to \$250,000.

Thomas J. Higgins is the president and treasurer, and Robert Catton secretary. The incorporators are Captain Cluney, J. W. Mason, T. J. Higgins, D. B. Smith and H. F. Wichman. They also constitute the board of directors. The company has about two hundred acres of land on the volcano road said to be admirably adapted to the culture of coffee. Under the new company it is expected that this will be the banner plantation in Olaa.

The Choral Society will meet for practice in the Y. M. C. A. hall at the usual hour this evening.

There will be a meeting of the W. C. T. U. in the parlors of the Central Union church at 2:30 this afternoon.

Official Directory, Republic of Hawaii.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Sanford B. Dole, President of the Republic of Hawaii.

Henry E. Cooper, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

James A. King, Minister of the Interior.

Samuel M. Damon, Minister of Finance.

William O. Smith, Attorney-General.

COUNCIL OF STATE.

Charles M. Cooke,

J. P. Mendonca,

Cecil Brown,

P. C. Jones,

M. P. Robinson,

John Ena,

George W. Smith,

John Nott,

T. B. Murray,

W. C. Wilder,

J. A. Kennedy,

C. Bolte,

D. L. Naone,

A. G. M. Robertson.

SUPREME COURT.

Hon. A. F. Judd, Chief Justice.

Hon. W. F. Frear, First Associate Justice.

Hon. W. A. Whiting, Second Associate Justice.

Henry Smith, Chief Clerk.

Geo. Lucas, Deputy Clerk.

James Thompson, Second Deputy Clerk.

J. Walter Jones, Stenographer.

CIRCUIT JUDGES.

First Circuit: A. W. Carter, Oahu.

First Circuit: A. Perry, Oahu.

Second Circuit: J. W. Kalua.

Third and Fourth Circuit: S. L. Austin.

Fifth Circuit: J. Hardy.

Offices and Court-room in Court House, King street. Sitting in Honolulu—First Monday in February, May, August and November.

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Office in Executive Building, King St.

Henry E. Cooper, Minister Foreign Affairs.

Geo. C. Potter, Secretary.

A. St. M. Mackintosh, Clerk.

Miss Kate Kelley, Stenographer.

B. L. Marx, Stenographer Executive Council.

James W. Girvin, Secretary Chinese Bureau.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Office in Executive Building, King St.

J. A. King, Minister of the Interior.

Chief Clerk, John A. Hassinger.

Assistant Clerks: James H. Boyd, H. C. Meyers, Stephen Mahaulu, George C. Ross, Edward S. Boyd.

CHIEFS OF BUREAUS, INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Surveyor General, W. D. Alexander.

Supt. Public Works, W. E. Rowell.

Supt. Water Works, Andrew Brown.

Inspector Electric Lights, John Cassidy.

Registrar of Conveyances, T. G. Thrum.

Road Supervisor Honolulu, W. H. Cummings.

Insane Asylum, Dr. Geo. H. Herbert.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

Andrew Brown, Charles Crozier and J. H. Fisher.

James H. Hunt, Chief Engineer, H.F.D. William R. Sims, Secretary.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY.

President: The Minister of Interior.

Wm. G. Irwin, Allan Herbert, John Ena, Joseph Marsden, Commissioner and Secretary.

COMMISSION OF PUBLIC LANDS.

J. A. King, L. A. Thurston, J. F. Brown.

Agent of Public Lands, J. F. Brown.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Office in Executive Building, King St.

Minister of Finance, S. M. Damon.

Auditor-General, H. Laws.

Registrar of Accounts, W. G. Ashley.

Clerk to Finance Office, E. R. Stackable.

Collector-General of Customs, James B. Castle.

Tax Assessor Oahu, Jonathan Shaw.

Postmaster General, J. M. Ott.

CUSTOMS BUREAU.

Office Custom House, Esplanade, Fort Street.

Collector General, James B. Castle.

Deputy Collector, Frank B. McStocker.

Harbor Master, Capt. A. Fuller.

Port Surveyor, M. N. Sanders.

Storekeeper, Jas. J. Kelley.

Official Guager, Geo. C. Stratemeyer.

DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Office in Executive Building, King St.

Attorney-General, W. O. Smith.

Clerk, J. M. Kea.

Marshal, A. M. Brown.

Deputy Marshal, H. R. Hitchcock.

Jailor Oahu Prison, J. A. Low.

Prison Physician, C. B. Cooper, M. D.

BOARD OF IMMIGRATION.

Office, Court House, King street.

President, J. A. King.

Members of Board of Immigration: J. B. Atherton, Joseph Marsden, D. B. Smith, James C. Spencer, J. Carden.

Secretary, Wray Taylor.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Office in Judiciary Building.

President, W. O. Smith.

Secretary, Charles Wilcox.

Members: D. Kellipio, J. T. Waterhouse, Jr., N. B. Emerson, M. D., F. R. Day, M. D., C. B. Wood, M. D., and T. F. Lansing.

Port Physician, Dr. Francis Day.

Dispensary, Dr. H. W. Howard.

Leper Settlement, Dr. R. K. Oliver.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Office, Court House, King street.

President, W. D. Alexander.

Secretary, J. F. Scott.

Inspector of Schools, H. S. Townsend.

POLICE COURT.

Police Station Building, Merchant St.

G. de la Vergne, Magistrate.

William Cuelho, Clerk.

A Good Contract.

H. P. Walton, manager of the Peerless Preserving Paint Company of this city, has recently returned from Ewa, where he has had a force of men painting the roofs on the various buildings on the plantation. Mr. Walton states that over one year ago Mr. Lowrie, manager of the Ewa plantation, was

THE STATE OF HAWAII.

Joint Resolution Offered in Congress to Annex the Islands.

PEOPLE TO VOTE ON QUESTION.

Final Action On or Before January, 1898—Terms Under Which the Country is to be Transferred—To Have One Congress Representative.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The following joint resolution relating to the Hawaiian Islands, offered by Representative Spaulding (R.) of Michigan, was read in the House today and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

"That Congress doth consent that the territory properly included with it and rightfully belonging to the Government of Hawaii, and commonly known as the Sandwich Islands, may be erected into a new State, to be called the State of Hawaii, with a republican form of government to be adopted by the people of said Government of Hawaii, by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent of the existing Government, in order that the same may be admitted as one of the States of this Union.

"Further, that the foregoing consent of Congress is given upon the following conditions and with the following guarantees, to-wit:

"1. Said State to be formed subject to the adjustment by this Government of all questions of boundary or jurisdiction that may arise with other governments or former governments of Hawaii; and the constitution thereof, with the proper evidence of its adoption by the people of the Government of Hawaii, shall be transmitted to the President of the United States, to be laid before Congress for its final action on or before January 1, 1898.

"2. Said State when admitted into the Union, after ceding to the United States all public property and means belonging to the Government of Hawaii, shall retain all public funds of every kind which may belong to or be due said Governments, and also all vacant and unpopulated lands lying within its limits, to be applied to the payments of the debts and liabilities of said Government of Hawaii, the residue of said lands to be disposed of as said State may direct; but in no case are said debts and liabilities to become a charge upon the United States.

"Further, that if the President of the United States in his judgment deem it most advisable instead of proceeding to submit the foregoing resolution to the Government of Hawaii as an overture on the part of the United States for admission, to negotiate with that Government, then, resolved, that a State to be formed out of the present Government of Hawaii, with one representative in Congress, shall be admitted into the Union by virtue of this act as soon as the terms and conditions of such admission shall be agreed upon by the Governments of Hawaii and the United States, and that \$100,000 be appropriated to defray the expenses of missions and negotiations either by treaty or articles as the President may decide."

POLICY OF DOLE.

Tells Kate Field It is Annexation to United States.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—In the Times-Herald of tomorrow will be printed an interview with President Sanford B. Dole of Hawaii, had by Miss Kate Field. The interview is elaborate, filling several columns and touching closely on the Hawaiian policy on international questions. Although it does not appear in Miss Field's letter, the talk was had in the presence of Mr. Dole's Cabinet, the members of which subscribed to their chief's opinions unreservedly. Miss Field called his attention to the fact that his Government had been said to be characterized by an insane desire to perpetuate itself in office.

Mr. Dole said: "The fact that the Government is working for annexation to the United States is a good denial of that charge. Annexation may deprive us, or many of us, of office. In the higher offices are men to whom it means personal sacrifice and business loss to discharge their duties. It is simply a slander to say this desire for annexation is simply a pretense. We are working in good faith, and I believe the people appreciate the fact. As to the form of annexation, that would best meet our requirements, it is difficult to say. A territorial form of government unmodified from the form obtaining in the United States Territories would scarcely be suitable. Probably the best course would be to gradually develop from our present system, the Federal authorities, of course, having from the beginning jurisdiction over custom houses, post-offices and Federal courts. Our own Government should not be limited by the United States the same as territory. A new system would have to be invented to suit our conditions. Much the same as is the practice of England in establishing a new colony. There is no system. Each new colony is organized as the necessity of the case demands."

In reply to a statement by Miss Field that she had been told if the United States did not annex the Hawaiian Islands they would be offered to England, Mr. Dole said: "Our sole policy is annexation to the United States."

Other parts of the interview relate to the domestic political and material affairs of the islands. Profit-sharing is taking the place of contract labor and other business and social improvements have been established.

W. R. Castle Interviewed.

W. R. Castle, Minister from Hawaii to the United States, arrived from Oakland on his way to Honolulu, and will sail today, says the S. F. Chronicle of Jan. 10th.

Minister Castle is in favor of the joint resolution introduced by Spaulding of Michigan for the annexation of

Hawaii, but he says the dispatch as transmitted concerning the resolution is a little obscure. It implies that the resolution is for annexation as a State; but he says that, as he understands it, Hawaii has not population enough for this. It has about 100,000 people, while 173,000 is required by the laws of the United States.

"However, if it can be fixed up so that we can be admitted as a State, so much the better," said Mr. Castle. The people would be satisfied to come to either as a State or as a territory.

There is one thing, we have more population than they have in Nevada, where, all told, they have now but 40,000.

"The proposition to submit the matter to a vote in Hawaii would be generally approved, and I am convinced that it would carry."

"Mr. Cleveland has treated me in the most courteous manner. I would not be at all surprised if he would favor annexation. It is worthy of note that in no public message has he really opposed it."

"The cable project is coming along all right. I refer to the project of Mr. Spaulding of Honolulu. Congress is in favor of it. The proposition is that capitalists shall build it and that Congress shall take it at its actual cost. It will be built, I think."

SENATOR HALE'S BILL.

Puts the Pacific Cable Project Before the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Among the important bills introduced in the Senate today was one by Hale, authorizing the Postmaster-General to contract with the Pacific Cable Company for the construction of a telegraphic cable between San Francisco and Honolulu, Hawaii. The United States is to pay the company annually a sum equal to 4 per cent. of the amount expended each year by the company. The contract is to continue for twenty years, and the line is to be completed by July 1, 1897. It is also stipulated that the Government may come into the ownership of the proposed line by paying the cost price of it with 5 per cent. added.

PROVISIONS OF CABLE BILL.

The Company Wants Four Per Cent. Guarantee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Representative Barham introduced Senator Hale's bill to facilitate the construction and maintenance of a telegraphic cable in the Pacific ocean for the use of the Government in its foreign intercourse. The bill provides that the Postmaster-General be authorized to contract with the Pacific Cable Company, a corporation of New Jersey, for the transmission by electrical means between San Francisco and Honolulu of messages on business of the United States during the period of twenty years from July, 1897, and to stipulate in the agreement that the amount paid for such service by the United States shall be computed as follows:

First—The amount actually earned during that year by the cable company in maintaining and operating the cable, there shall be added a sum sufficient to pay four per cent. on the sum actually expended in the construction of the cable.

Second—From such a sum to be computed and paid each year there shall be deducted each year \$40,000.

Third—The remainder shall be paid to the cable company in four equal quarterly payments, provided the amount shall not in any one year exceed the sum agreed upon until the tolls on messages transmitted for us computed at rates charged the public for like service would be in excess of such sum, in which case tolls so in excess shall be computed at one half current rates and a deduction of \$40,000, herebefore provided for, shall for that year be diminished to the extent of such excess. The company must have the cable in good working order by July 1, 1897, and capable of transmitting not less than fifteen words per minute. Provision is made for reductions in case the cable becomes incompetent to carry messages for the period of 120 consecutive days or more, up to a period of one year, when the Postmaster-General may at his option cancel the contract.

COOTE ON THE CABLE.

Believes Congress Will Give the Money.

Sir Audley Coote of Australia, who came to this country a couple of months ago in the interest of the Pacific cable, and has since been in Washington, D. C., returned here yesterday and is at the Grand, says the Call of January 1st.

He has attended the sessions of Congress, become acquainted with leading American statesmen and talked the cable as best he could. He says everything is working out all right.

According to Sir Audley's idea it is only a matter of a little time. He says that everywhere he went he received nothing but encouragement. The beauty of it was that it was backed up in such a way that there could be no doubt about it. It was not talk alone. "You'll get the cable," said he; "there is no question about that. Since I was here I have been in Washington a good deal and have also talked to a great many business men of large purposes."

"Everywhere I went I found the greatest encouragement. The proposition is now that American capital shall control the cable."

"There is no trouble about the necessary money. I cannot now go into all the details, but I can say this much, that everything is in as satisfactory a state as could be desired."

"I shall be here for about ten days. I came on with Mrs. Coote, who is visiting some friends, and I think you had better say my trip is independent of the cable."

"To Japan is the extent of the proposed cable now. That will make it a distance from here of about 7,500 miles. It is by our survey 2,550 miles to Honolulu, and on to Yokohama will just about make it 7,500 miles. If we were to go on to Australia it would make it about 9,000 miles, but that is not contemplated."

"Before we get through, however, the entire distance may be included. You can just say that I am so well assured now that the cable will be built that I regard it as a certainty."

SUGAR MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Senate Finance Committee failed to meet to-

day, notwithstanding the instruction of yesterday's caucus, because it was discovered that Senator Jones of Nevada would not act with the Republican members of the committee in reporting the bill without an amendment providing for a duty on sugar. The Republicans of the committee are in the minority without Jones. He takes the position that as the people of the Pacific coast are largely interested in the beet sugar industry, any tariff bill passed should provide for the protection of this interest. If he maintains this position and the Republican caucus does not reverse its instructions, it will be necessary to report the bill adversely, if at all. Senator Perkins will introduce a resolution favoring a specific duty on raw sugar. The people of the West are making strenuous efforts to have the duty on this product raised. The movement will probably receive favorable consideration in the House, but will likely meet with a hard fight in the Senate where the Sugar Trust still has a strong hold.

DAVITT SCORES ENGLAND.

Says America Should Admit Hawaiian Republic as a State.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Michael Davitt was seen by a reporter for the United Press in this city this morning. He is on his way home from Ireland, after a nine months' tour in the Australian colonies. In reply to a question about the English attack on the Transvaal republic the Irish member said:

"The credit for the countermanding of the invasion of the Transvaal is not due to Chamberlain and Salisbury in my humble opinion, but to Cleveland and Olney. The manly and menacing attitude which Uncle Sam took upon the Venezuelan question has compelled England to condemn a freebooting expedition which would otherwise have had the political blessing of that pre-eminent land-grabbing nation."

"America ought, in my judgment, to do three things on the first available opportunity, that is—admit the Republic of Hawaii into the family of United States communities; recognize the Cuban patriots, who are, I hope, whipping the Spaniards, and thirdly, instruct her admirals in the Mediterranean to fling a shell or two into the Sultan's palace at Constantinople the next time a single Christian of any nation is murdered or outraged by the unspeakable Turk."

"This act would tell the cowardly Christian monarchies of Europe that there is at least one great nation of humanity which has no dread of the infamous Ottoman empire. Action of this kind would plant the Republic of the United States in the front rank of powers."

Mr. Davitt leaves for Ireland next week.

'GILLIG HELPS THEM.

Hawaiian Band Floated Again and Given Food.

MASSILLON, (Ohio), Dec. 29.—The Royal Hawaiian band, which has been stranded here, left the city yesterday. The musicians were almost starved when they arrived, but were provided for by the citizens.

A dispatch was received here from H. M. Gillig at Alabama, N. Y., saying that he wished to help them and requesting the Mayor to telegraph him at Chicago. The musicians were too proud to reveal their distress, but Director Libornio was sent on to Chicago to consult with Mr. Gillig, who married Mrs. Porter Ashe of San Francisco, who was formerly Miss Crocker, daughter of the millionaire, and is very wealthy.

Kamehameha Notes.

Beginning with today Kamehameha will take a three weeks' vacation. The students have been working hard and are glad of the chance for a rest.

A magic lantern show was given in Bernice Pauahi Bishop museum Saturday evening as a closing entertainment for the term. Slides representing scenes in different parts of the world were exhibited.

Music was the order of the evening at Kamehameha Sunday evening. The boys assisted by singers from Waianae gave the young ladies of the institute and others a rare treat.

The game of baseball between the Kamehamehas and Hearts Saturday afternoon resulted in a victory for the former with a score of 17—10.

Louie Aungst to Wed.

L. S. Aungst, well known in this city and throughout the islands, is soon to wed Miss Emma Schoen of San Jose, Cal. The lady is now on a visit to her sister, Mrs. E. E. Richards of Hilo. Mr. Aungst is manager of the Kona-Kau Telephone Company, with headquarters at Kailua, where he and his intended bride will reside. The many friends of Mr. Aungst here send congratulations.

Swindler from the Coast.

Otto Herman, accused of having obtained money under false pretenses from Arthur Wheeler, of the Wheeler Publishing Company, San Francisco, is supposed to have come to this city by the last Australia.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all druggists and dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

QUIET WEEK ON MAUI.

Teachers Meet and Elect Officers for Ensuing Year.

Paia Railroad Office Robbed of \$10. Spreckelsville Plantation Expects Good Crop—Cold Day.

MAUI, Jan. 18.—The circus company gave performances at Paia to good audiences on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The tent was pitched near the depot. On Thursday the canvas and other accessories were set up at Kahului in rear of the saloon. No performance was possible Thursday evening on account of rain, but an exhibition was given Friday night.

Saturday night, the 11th, some one broke into the Paia railroad office, and purloined the cash-box, containing about \$10 in money. The shutter being left open, the burglar forced the window.

W. B. Starkey took charge of the Ulupalakua school last Monday, the 13th. Louis Mideiros goes to Waipio, Hawaii.

At the annual meeting of the Maui Teachers' Association held last Saturday, the 11th, at Wailuku, the following officers were elected: F. W. Hardy, president; O. Abbott, vice-president; D. Kawanui, secretary; and Messrs. Dickenson and Harris and Mrs. Heapy, executive committee. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting on the Saturday following Thanksgiving Day. There were 22 teachers present.

During the week Haleakala ranch had a cattle drive and rounded up more than 400 estrays.

It is rumored that Spreckelsville plantation expects of crop of about 12,000 tons.

Maunaloa Seminary has now 60 girls under its charge.

During Friday afternoon, the 17th, a meeting of the stockholders and trustees of the Maui Telephone Company, took place at the Paia plantation office.

On Jan. 13th, the Kahului Railroad Co. issued a new time table. Makawao passengers leaving Paia at 9 A.M., and Wailuku at 1:30, can spend about two and three-quarter hours in the latter place. A resident of Wailuku can spend five or six hours in Makawao going and returning by the train.

During Tuesday morning and evening, the 14th, the thermometer registered 54° in Makawao (Kalanui), the coldest day of the season.

During Thursday evening, the 16th, at the church and society meetings of the Paia church. G. E. Beckwith was re-elected senior deacon; H. P. Balwin, junior deacon; and R. F. Engle, sup't of the Sunday School. W. Nicholl was chosen trustee of the society in place of W. Ogg now resident at Makawao.

There are fat cattle everywhere on Maui. Stockmen expect to retrieve the losses of the last two years in the gains of the present one.

It is reported that on the first of next month D. Quill will become superintendent of Wailuku roads, vice George Groves resigned.

Friday, the 17th, the schooner Mary Dodge, Hansen master, sailed for San Francisco laden with Paia and Hamakua sugar.

The brig Geneva, Poultz captain, will probably sail today with a cargo of Hawaiian Commercial Company's sugar.

A large schooner hovered about outside the harbor for two days, being prevented from entering port by the south wind. She is the J. D. Tallant with a consignment of general merchandise for the H. C. & S. Co. With the help of the steam launch Mohea she entered the harbor the 17th, 21 days from San Francisco.

Weather:—Kona wind nearly all the week, with a little rain.

FOR := SALE

4-Horse Power Gas Engine

IN GOOD CONDITION.

Apply to the

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO., LIMITED.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. Lowden and P. J. Voeller under the name of Voeller & Co. doing business as grocers, in the Waring Block on Beretania street, Honolulu, has been dissolved. P. J. Voeller will continue the business under the name of Voeller & Co. and will assume all the partnership debts and all sums due or owing to the firm are payable to said P. J. Voeller.

PAUL J. VOELLER
S. LOWDEN
Dated Honolulu, January 13 1896
4293 1626-31



Cure DYSPEPSIA,
Cure BILIOUSNESS,
Cure CONSTIPATION,
Cure SICK HEADACHE.

Are Purely Vegetable,
Are Sugar Coated,
Are Mild but Effective.

Good for the Stomach,
Good for the Liver,
Good for the Bowels.

THERE ARE NO OTHER PILLS

SO GOOD AS

AYER'S PILLS.
Highest Awards at the World's Great Expositions.

Agents for Honolulu:
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED.
BENSON, SMITH & Co.
HOBSON DRUG COMPANY.



WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECORD of Coughs cured by Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is a record of triumph.

20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY.

See the words "Powell's Balsam of Aniseed" on the wrapper.

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INSURANCE
Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.
AGENTS FOR
FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co
Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, £3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.,

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

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The undersigned having been appointed

agents of the above company are prepared

to insure risks against fire on Stone and

Brick Buildings and on Merchandise

stored therein on the most favorable

terms. For particulars apply at the office

of F. A

DEEPER WAR CLOUDS.

Great Britain and Germany Have Serious Differences.

CAUSED BY TRANSVAAL STRIFE.

Emperor William Not Favorable to British Suzerainty—Dr. Jamieson's Filibusters Defeated and President Krueger Wants an Independency.

The war cloud that has been hanging over Europe has assumed a decidedly serious aspect in consequence of differences between Great Britain and Germany regarding the situation in the South African Republic.

Dispatches to London under date of December 28th brought news of the threatened crisis between the Netherlands and the government on account of the Europeans being refused political rights, while bearing three-fourths of the burden of taxation and outnumbering the Boers by three to one. The predictions of a conflict were realized when Dr. Jamieson, the leader of the British South African Company, lead a force of some 800 men across the Transvaal frontier to attack Johannesburg. Their advance was checked by the prompt action of President Krueger's forces. A sharp battle took place, in which Jamieson lost a large number of men and was himself taken prisoner.

Throughout Europe the action of Dr. Jamieson was put down as having been a part of a plot laid by England to obtain full possession of the Transvaal, whereupon Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, issued the following statement: "Having learned that Dr. Jamieson has entered the Boer country, I have since been continuously engaged in an endeavor to avert the consequences of his extraordinary action. Sir Hercules Robinson has, by proclamation, publicly repudiated Jamieson's act, and has enjoined the British subjects to obey the law and remain quiet. Jamieson and his officers have also been ordered to retire immediately. It is hoped that a collision may be averted, but Jamieson cut the wires as he advanced. The British agent at Johannesburg is moving forward to meet Dr. Jamieson and to order him, in the Queen's name, to retire. I have called upon the chartered company to repudiate Mr. Jamieson's procedure, of which the company says it is entirely ignorant. Cecil Rhodes, Premier of Cape Colony, has stated that Jamieson acted without his authority. As soon as he heard that he contemplated entering the Transvaal he endeavored to stop him, but found that the wires were cut."

The feature in the affair which incensed Great Britain was the following congratulatory letter sent President Krueger by Emperor William of Germany: "I express my sincere congratulations that with your people, and without appealing to the help of friendly powers, you have succeeded by your own energetic action against the armed bands which invaded your country as disturbers of the peace, and have thus been enabled to restore peace and a safeguard in defense of the country against attacks from the outside." This is regarded as a direct affront to Great Britain which has exercised suzerainty over Transvaal under the convention of 1884. On January 4th the resignation of Cecil Rhodes, Premier of Cape Colony, and the supposed head of the revolutionary movement was confirmed. Sir Gordon Sprigg is named as his successor.

This action however had little effect upon the war spirit that has apparently become thoroughly aroused in Great Britain. Preparations for the commission of a flying squadron consisting of the best battleships Great Britain has at her command have been issued and Rear Admiral Rawson has been ordered to proceed to Delagoa bay on board the first class steel cruiser St. George. War talk in both England and Germany is running high. The mention of the Transvaal affair in the German Reichstag was greeted with cheers from the members and throughout both countries the feeling seems to be that the opponent must "back down or fight."

Dispatches to London from Berlin January 10th state that unless Great Britain satisfies the demands of President Krueger, which include the abrogation of the convention of 1884, by the terms of which England exercises suzerainty over the Transvaal republic, Germany will urge Krueger to appeal to the European powers to support him in his demand.

A dispatch from Cape Town says Schreiner, Advocate, and Fauré, the Colonial Secretary, decline to co-operate with the new Premier of Cape Colony, Sir J. Gorgon Sprigg.

The British Government has received cablegrams from Governor Robinson of Cape Colony, embodying President Krueger's reply to the message communicated by Chamberlain expressing the satisfaction of the Queen at Krueger's decision to turn over the British South African prisoners to officers of the Imperial Government. The reply addressed to Governor Robinson says: "As I have already informed your Excellency, it is really my intention to act in this sense, so that Jamieson and the British subjects under his command may be punished by Her Majesty's Government. I will inform your Excellency of my final decision in this matter as soon as Johannesburg shall have reverted to quietness and order. In the mean time I request your Excellency to assure the Queen of my high appreciation of her words, and in proffering her my respectful good wishes to express my thanks for the same."

VENEZUELAN COMMISSION.

Five Members Appointed by President Cleveland—Began Work.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The President has announced the composition of the Venezuelan Boundary Commission, which will consist of five members. The following were chosen. David J. Brewer of Kansas, Justice of the United States Supreme Court; Richard H. Alvey of Maryland, Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, Andrew D. White of New York, Frederick R. Coudert of New York, and Daniel C. Gilman of Maryland.

At the first meeting of the Commission, Justice Brewer was elected President. Commissioner Gilman moved that an inquiry be made as to the best map showing the physical characteristics of the country in question, and whether it could be reproduced in convenient form for the use of the Commission. This was adopted and the committee authorized Commissioner Gilman to make such an inquiry.

This concluded all business for the present, and the Commission adjourned to meet on January 11th, unless the President of the Commission chose to select another date, in the diplomatic room of the Department of State.

Justice Brewer is a Republican in politics and about 58 years of age. He is a graduate of Yale, and has spent considerable time in the practice of his profession in Kansas, where he filled a number of judicial offices. In 1884 he was appointed Circuit Judge of the United States for the Eighth District, and was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in December, 1889, by President Harrison.

Richard H. Alvey is a Democrat in politics and a man of marked ability. It was the great reputation he gained as Judge in the Maryland courts which led President Cleveland to appoint him Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of this district. He is about 60 years of age.

Andrew D. White is a Republican in politics. He is one of the best-known men of letters in this country, is an author and historian, and has been the President of Cornell University. Mr. White was appointed Minister to Russia by President Harrison, and this position he held through Harrison's administration and for a year or more during Cleveland's administration.

Frederick R. Coudert is a Democrat in politics and is one of the best-known members of the bar in New York. He was one of the counsel for the United States on the Behring Sea Commission, and in that capacity made one of the most eloquent and effective speeches delivered in behalf of the American contentions.

Daniel C. Gilman, President of Johns Hopkins University, is well known as an authority on international law. He was at one time President of the University of California, and was later called to take up the work of which he is now at the head. He is a master of the science of physical geography, having studied in Germany under prominent instructor and in this country under Guyot. He is the author of a life of President Monroe.

Want Lambert Pardoned.

Within a few weeks Governor Budd, of California, will be petitioned to pardon Walter Lambert, the defaulting clerk of the Oakland police court, who was sent to San Quentin for five years last July. The claim for leniency is based on the grounds that Lambert was a sufferer from delirium tremens at the time he committed the crime, and that he voluntarily returned from Honolulu without putting the state to the trouble and expense of sending an officer after him.

Lieut. Werlich's Sentence.

Lieutenant P. J. Werlich, of the cruiser Philadelphia, has been suspended from duty and placed on leave pay for a period of six months, as a result of certain indiscretions while the ship was at Tacoma, Wash., recently. Leave pay is a little more than half sea pay, and the lieutenant is liable to a still greater loss in another direction, for if any promotions occur during his suspension from rank and duty he loses his chance of advancement.

Lieut. Com. Ingersoll Honored.

Lieutenant Commander R. R. Ingersoll, of the Philadelphia, has been admitted to honorary membership in Philadelphia Garrison No. 139, and presented with a gold badge, the insignia of the honor. The Philadelphia Garrison is a part of the Army and Navy Union, which numbers among its members the most noted of United States naval officers.

J. F. Clay and wife, Robert Ballantyne, Miss Grace and other island people are aboard the S. C. Allen.

The vessel sailed from San Francisco on Jan. 14th and is expected to arrive here by next Saturday.

GOOD SPORT AT RACES.

Hundreds of People Enjoy Themselves at the Park.

EVENTS KEENLY CONTESTED.

Judah the Queen of Hawaiian bred Horses—Fred Mac's Record Beaten by the Mare—Quinn's "290" Something of a Wonder—Billy C Wins.

Between 500 and 600 people gathered at the park track yesterday to witness the races. The afternoon was sweltering hot, but no rain fell, though quite a number of showers were in evidence in town. The track was in splendid condition, except at the quarter and back stretch. The day was greatly enjoyed by all, the events interesting, a marked feature being no long waits between the contests.

Promptly at 1 p. m. the program was begun with a mile handicap bicycle race, in which there were thirteen starters. The race was tame until near the finish, being between George Angus and Ruby Dexter. Angus won in 2:29, with Dexter only a few inches behind. The winner spurred near the wire and took the race. Dexter was not at his best, only recently recovered from a severe illness and had only a week's practice. T. V. King fell coming into the stretch.

The second event, half mile handicap for juveniles, was won easily by Fred Laukes in 1:21.

The five mile bicycle race was distinctly between Henry Giles, George Angus and D. G. Sylvester, though there were seven starters. After the first lap two fell out, leaving Giles, Angus, Sylvester, Dexter and Johnson. Giles led in every lap and won easily in 14:24, with Angus, Sylvester, Dexter and Johnson in like order. T. V. King entered a protest, claiming that Giles fouled him by cutting across the course. The protest was not allowed.

While the bicycle races were quite interesting, the big crowd waited patiently for the beginning of the horse races.

In the running half-mile and repeat Billy C. was an easy winner. It was generally conceded he had the race before the start. Time, first heat, 53.4. Rainbow second. Billy C. took the second heat without much difficulty.

The three-minute class, trotting and pacing, was the race of the meeting. There were four starters—Judah and Salvador having previously met in a matched contest. In this event Judah showed her superiority over Salvador and the other entries so decidedly as to give her the race without exhibiting the least distress. When driven in the match race Judah could not be controlled, and broke several times. Since that time the mare has been worked with hobbles. She paced the mile without a skip and won the first heat very easily in 2:41, shutting out Unknown and breaking the Hawaiian record of 2:42 made by Macfarlane's Fred Mac two years ago last 11th of June. In the second and final heat Judah lowered her own record to 2:40. She worked beautifully and paced the mile without a single skip or break. Salvador was clearly outmatched and could not have won the race under any circumstances. Up to a few weeks ago Judah was used as a back-horse by her owner George Patterson. She now holds the record for Hawaiian bred horses.

As predicted by many Jim Quinn's "290" had a walk over in the sixth race. He won the first heat in 2:41 and the third in 2:40. In the second heat Quinn's sulky strap parted and his horse lost a boot, or he would have won two successive heats. Lottie L. won the second heat in 2:47. Twenty cent was ruled off the track for fouling "290" at the back stretch. Mr. Quinn has a genuine race horse in "290" and a fast, sure-footed trotter.

Interest in the one mile novelty running race centered in Billy C. and Confederate. Both horses had many admirers and backers. Billy C. won in 1:52, Confederate a very close second.

The meeting was a good one and thoroughly enjoyed by the large crowd present. The absence of music was noted and unfavorably commented upon. Manager David tried to secure the Portuguese band, but could not do so. Financially the afternoon was not a success for Mr. David, who spent much time and money to get up good races. He can have the satisfaction of knowing that his efforts were appreciated.

That Tired Feeling


I as common complaint and it is a dangerous symptom. It means that the system is debilitated because of impure blood, and in this condition it is especially liable to attacks of disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy for this condition, and also for that weakness, which prevails at the change of season, climate or life.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. HOBSON DRUG CO., wholesale agents.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Primary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LANCET AND MEDICAL COURTIERS LTD, 170, FINSBURY, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BEAUTY AND PURITY



Go hand in hand. They are the foundation of health and purity. Health begets purity. Purity begets health. Happiness begets clear skin. Thousands of useful lives have been embittered by torturing disfigurement.

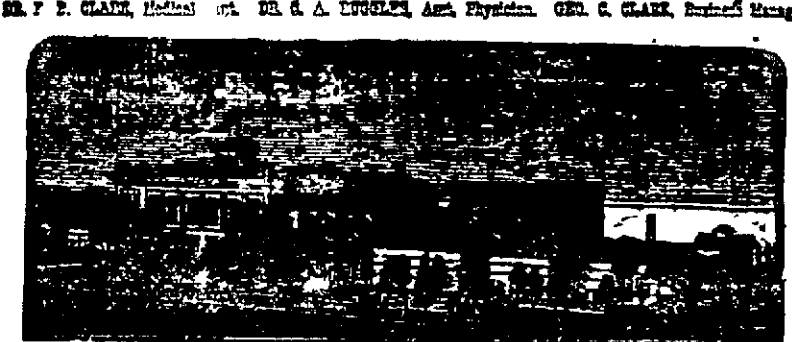
CUTICURA REMEDIES
Are the greatest of skin-purifiers. As well as blood-purifiers. Because of their peculiar action on the PORES. They are successful in preventing and curing all forms of Skin, Scap, and Blood humors. When the best physicians fail. Pure, sweet, gentle, and speedily effective. They especially appeal to mothers and children. Their use at all seasons insures a clear skin and pure blood. As well as sound bodily health.

Bad Complexions
Sluggish action of the pores also causes the complexion and skin to become dark, yellow, oily, and mothy, giving rise to pimples, blackheads, roughness, redness, falling hair, and facial blemishes. The only reliable preventive is Cuticura Soap, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as the purest and sweetest for toilet and nursery.

PIMPLES
CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, 5c.; CUTICURA, 5c. SOAP, 25c. BENSON SMITH & CO., HONG KONG, H. K.
"All about the Skin and Blood," 72 pages, 100 testimonials, post-free.

The PACIFIC HOSPITAL STOCKTON, CAL.

—UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF—
DR. T. CLARK, Medical Officer. DR. A. C. TUCKER, Asst. Physician. CHAS. C. CLARK, Medical Manager.



PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CARE and TREATMENT of MENTAL and NERVOUS DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCAINE HABITS.

THIS Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are capacious and comfortable, having been constructed for the accommodation of over 200 patients, and they are pleasantly situated in the suburbs of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent, with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. Its advantages over public institutions in facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations, if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCES:

DR. J. C. LANE, San Francisco	DR. R. H. PRITCHER, San Francisco
DR. W. E. HAYES, S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum	DR. B. H. WOOLART, Supt. S. F. Co., and Oakland Hospital.
DR. JOHN A. McLEAN, San Francisco	DR. W. H. THOMAS, San Jose
DR. S. S. TAYLOR, San Francisco	DR. G. A. SHURTLEWORTH, Supt. State Insane Asylum.

One of the Advantages

Which the tourist and others who are desirous of taking pictures of the scenery of the Hawaiian Islands have, is the nearness and easy accessibility to the most romantic and picturesque points.

ANOTHER OF THE ADVANTAGES

Is that we keep constantly on hand a full stock of photographic supplies. For the holidays, we are offering you a camera called the

\$8.00 NO. 2 BULLET \$8.00
(LOADED.)

Measures 4 1/2x4 3/4x5 3/4 inches; makes a picture 3 1/2x3 1/2 inches, and weighs loaded for 12 pictures, only 21 ounces. One button does it. The shutter is simplicity itself. To make a snap shot, slide the button to the left as far as it will go. This sets the shutter. Press the button down. This makes the exposure. There are no plugs or lens caps to lose, no extra levers, no complicated mechanism—one button does it all.

\$5.50 ALSO THE Pocket Kodak \$5.50

Is about as big as a well filled purse and weighs on y 5 ounces. Uses roll films 12 or 18 exposures. Both can be loaded at daylight. Perfect in workmanship. Rich and dainty in finish.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY.

For Twenty Years

We have been tailoring at moderate prices. Twenty years of experience to profit by. Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have stood the test as the liberal patronage we have received assures us of that fact.

We have just received our fall stock of woollens, which we are offering at prices that will astonish you.

H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.

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Are just in receipt of Large assortments of their fine goods "East India" and "J. C. Phipps" brand. Also a number of valuable items American consignment of goods.

Large and Complete Assortment OF DRY GOODS

SUCH AS Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regatta Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns. A Fine Selection of DRESS GOODS, ZEPHYRS, ETC., in the Latest Styles.

A Splendid Line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Grapes, Etc.

TAILORS' GOODS.

A Full Assortment. Silses, Sleeve Linings, Shirt Linings, Italian Cloth, Minkskins, Muffs, Serge, Kammergats, etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroidery, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soap, etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Seater Planos, Iron Bedsteads, etc., etc.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Causic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages, Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron, best and 3 best; Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails, 18 and 20 Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Damaged and Corks.

Also

HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE


Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Mercha's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corn Beef, etc.

For sale on the most liberal terms and at the lowest prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

JOHN NOTT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN



Steel and Iron Ranges,

STOVES AND FIXTURES.

Housekeeping Goods,

AND

KITCHEN UTENSILS,

Agate Ware, Rubber Hose, PUMPS, ETC.

PLUMBING,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Work.

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CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S BOSTON LINE OF PACKETS.

The Bark "Iolani"

Will go on the berth in New York on or about January 1st and sail for this port on or about

FEBRUARY 1st, 1895.

If sufficient inducement offers. For particulars, call or address CHAS. BREWER & CO. 27 Killy street Boston. C. Brewer & Co. Agents Honolulu.

J. T. LUND,

128 and 130 Fort St., opp Club Stable, Practical Gun and Locksmith. NICKEL PLATING A SPECIALTY. Bicycles repaired, rented or for sale.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Day	Jan. 21	Jan. 22	Jan. 23	Jan. 24	Jan. 25	Jan. 26	Jan. 27	Jan. 28	Jan. 29	Jan. 30	Jan. 31
High	6:40	6:30	6:20	6:10	6:00	5:50	5:40	5:30	5:20	5:10	5:00
Low	12:40	12:30	12:20	12:10	12:00	11:50	11:40	11:30	11:20	11:10	11:00
Sun	12:40	12:30	12:20	12:10	12:00	11:50	11:40	11:30	11:20	11:10	11:00
Moon	12:40	12:30	12:20	12:10	12:00	11:50	11:40	11:30	11:20	11:10	11:00

First quarter of the moon on the 22d, at 4 h 12 m. p. m.

The times of sun and moon rising and setting, being given for all parts in the group are in local time, to which the respective corrections to Standard Time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard Time whistle sounds at 12 h. P. M. (midnight) Greenwich Time, which is 1 h. 30 m. p. m. of Hawaiian Standard Time.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

Day	Jan. 21	Jan. 22	Jan. 23	Jan. 24	Jan. 25	Jan. 26	Jan. 27	Jan. 28	Jan. 29	Jan. 30	Jan. 31
Barom.	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Therm.	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Wind	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW
Force	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for latitude.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco on the following dates, till the close of 1896:

Arrive at Honolulu Leave Honolulu for San Francisco or Vancouver.

1896.	On or About	1896.	On or About
Warrimoo	Jan 24	Australia	Feb 1
Australia	Jan 27	Mowla	Feb 6
Coptic	Feb 1	Monowal	Feb 11
Mariposa	Feb 13	Australia	Feb 26
Australia	Feb 13	China	Feb 29
Warrimoo	Feb 24	Warrimoo	March 3
Peking	March 3	Alameda	March 5
Monowal	March 12	Australia	March 21
Australia	March 16	Mowla	April 1
Mariposa	March 24	Mariposa	April 8
Gaelic	March 28	Gaelic	April 19
Alameda	April 9	Australia	April 15
Australia	April 12	Monowal	April 30
Rio de Janeiro	April 15	Warrimoo	May 1
China	April 24	China	May 6
Australia	May 4	Australia	May 9
Mariposa	May 14	Alameda	May 23
Doric	May 14	Warrimoo	May 26
Coptic	May 24	Coptic	June 2
Australia	May 29	Australia	June 3
Monowal	June 4	Mariposa	June 23
Peru	June 15	Peru	June 28
Australia	June 22	Australia	June 29
Mowla	June 24	Warrimoo	July 2
Alameda	June 24	Australia	July 23
Gaelic	July 9	Monowal	July 23
Mariposa	July 10	Belgia	July 24
Warrimoo	July 24	Mowla	Aug 1
Mariposa	July 30	Australia	Aug 15
China	Aug 7	Rio de Janeiro	Aug 19
Australia	Aug 15	Alameda	Aug 25
Warrimoo	Aug 27	Warrimoo	Sept 1
Monowal	Aug 27	Australia	Sept 9
Coptic	Sept 2	Doric	Sept 15
Australia	Sept 2	Mariposa	Sept 23
Warrimoo	Sept 24	Mowla	Oct 1
Peking	Sept 28	Australia	Oct 3
Australia	Sept 28	Peru	Oct 12
Mariposa	Sept 28	Monowal	Oct 12
Gaelic	Oct 2	Warrimoo	Oct 21
Mowla	Oct 2	Gaelic	Nov 6
Australia	Oct 26	Alameda	Nov 12
Australia	Nov 1	Australia	Nov 17
Monowal	Nov 19	China	Nov 2
Warrimoo	Nov 24	Mowla	Dec 2
Australia	Dec 1	Mariposa	Dec 28
Peru	Dec 1	Peru	Dec 28
Alameda	Dec 21	Coptic	Dec 28
Mowla	Dec 21		